

Vaccine Booster Tip Sheet

1. Who decided that a Booster Vaccine could be given? <u>FDA approval on 8/12/21</u> <u>ACIP (Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices) approval on 8/13/2021</u>

2. Who Qualifies for a booster mRNA vaccine?

- a. Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic malignancies
- b. Receipt of solid-organ transplant & taking immunosuppressive therapy *see appendix 1
- c. Receipt of CAR-T-Cell or hematopoietic stem cell transplant (within 2 years of transplantation or taking immunosuppressive therapy)
- d. Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g., DiGeorge Syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome)
- e. Advanced or untreated HIV
- f. Active treatment with:
 - i. High dose systemic corticosteroids (>20mg prednisone or equivalent per day) or >2mg/kg per day)
 - ii. Alkylating agents (cyclophosphamide)
 - iii. Antimetabolites (azathioprine, 6-MP, MTX)
 - iv. Transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs (cyclosporine, tacrolimus, sirolimus, mycophenolate mofetil)
 - v. Cancer chemotherapeutic agents classified as severely immunosuppressive
 - vi. TNF blockers (etanercept, adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, golimumab, infliximab)
 - vii. Other biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory (thymoglobulin, alemtuzumab, rituxumab)
- g. Medical Conditions with Varied Immunodeficiency
 - i. Sickle Cell Disease
 - ii. Chronic dialysis patients; End Stage Renal Disease
 - iii. Chronic Liver Disease

3. How is the registration process different for patients seeking a booster?

- **a.** A pre-assessment form will need to be completed by the patient along with the attestation
- b. Patient can schedule a booster shot or walk into clinic
- c. Schedule patient for a first dose at this time until the CareLink build is completed

4. How is the administration of the vaccine different for booster doses?

a. Same administration and dosage as initial vaccine administration

5. What vaccine should be given for the booster

- a. If they received Pfizer initially, they should receive Pfizer (12 years and up)
- b. If they received Moderna initially, they should receive Moderna (18 years and up)





c. If they received Johnson & Johnson initially, they should NOT receive a booster at this time.

6. How long after the 2nd vaccine dose should the patient wait before getting the booster?

a. A minimum of 4 weeks (28 days)

COVID-19

7. How is the documentation of the vaccine different for booster doses?

- **a.** Enter in third dose into VAMS and Carelink as usual, ignore pop-up warning about third dose. This will be updated once EPIC has sent us the update
- **b.** Do NOT schedule a 4th dose
- **c.** CDC card: Document on the front of the card if possible, if that is not possible document on the back of the CDC card with the same information as with other doses: Lot #, manufacturer, location of vaccine, date of vaccination

8. What are some conditions that do NOT qualify for a booster at this time?

- a. Short term daily steroids, or daily therapy <20mg per day
- b. Steroid inhalers, topic steroids, intra-articular steroid injection
- c. >1 month since stopping high-dose systemic steroids
- d. HIV patients without severe immunosuppression (usually based on CD4+ T-cell counts)
- e. Autoimmune conditions that are stable and not being treated with immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory medications
- f. Pregnancy
- g. Diabetes
- h. Congestive Heart Failure
- i. Chronic lung disease
- j. Obesity
- 9. Are there some classes of patients who do not qualify for a booster at this time (unless they have other stated conditions above)?
 - a. Healthcare Workers
 - b. Long-term care facility
 - c. Elderly

10. How does a patient prove they have an immunocompromising condition?

- a. They attest to having one of the above conditions
- **11.** Do patients need a doctor's note to prove they have an immunocompromising condition or get a booster shot?
 - **a.** No, they need to attest to having one of the above immunocompromising condition

12. What is the dose for the for the booster vaccine dose?

a. Dose amount and administration is the same as for 1st and 2nd doses



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Appendix 1:

GENERIC NAME	TRADE NAME	MECHANISM/TARGET OF ACTION
Abatacept	Orencia	Anti-CD28/CTLA-4
Adalimumab	Humira	TNF blocker
Alemtuzumab	Campath	Anti-CD52
Anakinra	Kineret	IL-1 antagonist
Atezolizumab	Tecentriq	PD- L1
Avelumab	Bavencio	PD- L1
Basiliximab	Simulect	IL-2R/CD25
Belatacept	Nulojix	CTLA-4
Bevacizumab	Avastin	VEGF
Certolizumab pegol	Cimzia	TNF blocker
Cetuximab	Erbitux	EGFR
Dasatinib	Sprycel	Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase inhibitor
Dimethyl fumarate	Tecfidera	Activates the nuclear erythroid 2-related factor 2 transcriptional pathway
Etanercept	Enbrel	TNF blocker
Fingolimod	Gilenya	Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor modulator
Glatiramer acetate	Copaxone	Immunomodulatory; target unknown
Golimumab	Simponi	TNF blocker
Ibritumomab tiuxetan	Zevalin	CD20 with radioisotope
Ibrutinib	Imbruvica	Tyrosine kinase inhibitor
Imatinib mesylate	Gleevec, STI 571	Signal transduction inhibitor/protein-tyrosine kinase inhibitor





Infliximab	Remicade	TNF blocker
Interferon alfa	Pegasys, PegIntron	Block hepatitis C viral replication
Interferon beta-1a	Avonex, Rebif	Immunomodulatory; target unknown
Interferon beta-1b	Betaseron	Immunomodulatory; target unknown
Natalizumab	Tsabri	α4-integrin
Nivolumab	Opdivo	PD-1
Ofatumumab	Arzerra	CD20
Panitumumab	Vectibix	EGFR
Pembrolizumab	Keytruda	PD-1
Lenalidomide	Revlimid	Immunomodulatory
Rilonacept	Arcalyst	IL-1
Rituximab	Rituxan	CD20
Sarilumab	Kevzara	IL- 6
Secukinumab	Cosentyx	IL-17A
Sunitinib malate	Sutent	Multikinase inhibitor
Tocilizumab	Actemra	IL-6
Tofacitinib	Xeljanz	JAK kinase inhibitor
Trastuzumab	Herceptin	Human EGFR 2 (HER2)
Ustekinumab	Stelara	IL-12, IL-23
Vedolizumab	Entyvio	Binds integrin α4β7